H.758	House	Senate
Findings	(1) The 21st century workplace is fundamentally	(1) The 21st century workplace is fundamentally
	different from the 20th century workplace. Along with a	different from the 20th century workplace. Along with a
	changing workplace comes a different workforce.	changing workplace comes a different workforce.
	Policies and resources must be updated to reflect the	Policies and resources must be updated to reflect the
	changing workplace and workforce.	changing workplace and workforce.
	(2) Businesses retain sensitive information for	(2) Businesses retain sensitive information for
	proprietary and competitive reasons.	proprietary and competitive reasons.
	(3) When the State requires this information, the	(3) When the State requires this information, the
	sensitivity of this information must be respected.	sensitivity of this information must be respected and protected.
	(4) The Department, as well as other agencies, are able to access federal and State resources to mitigate adverse	(4) The Department, as well as other agencies, are able to access federal and State resources to mitigate adverse
	employment impacts affecting employers, employees,	employment impacts affecting employers, employees,
	communities, and the Unemployment Insurance Trust	communities, and the Unemployment Insurance Trust
	Fund.	Fund.
	(5) The Department and the Agency of Commerce and	(5) The Department and the Agency of Commerce and
	Community Development, as well as other agencies,	Community Development, as well as other agencies,
	must be able to respond to and assist with economic and	must be able to respond to and assist with economic and
	workforce training and retention initiatives in a timely	workforce training and retention initiatives in a timely
	fashion.	fashion.
	(6) Municipalities, school districts, and local for-profit	(6) Municipalities, school districts, and local for-profit
	and nonprofit businesses are all affected by plant	and nonprofit businesses are all affected by plant
	closings and mass layoffs. In order to mitigate adverse	closings and mass layoffs. In order to mitigate adverse
	impacts, communities and stakeholders need timely	impacts, communities and stakeholders need timely
	information pertaining to plant closings and mass	information pertaining to plant closings and mass
	layoffs. Private and public sectors need to work together	layoffs. Private and public sectors need to work together
	to reduce the volatility and disruptions that come with	to reduce the volatility and disruptions that come with
	layoffs.	layoffs.
§411.	As used in this subchapter:	As used in this subchapter:
Definitions	(1) "Affected employees" means employees who may be	(1) "Affected employees" means employees who may be
	expected to experience an employment loss as a	expected to experience an employment loss as a
	consequence of a proposed or actual business closing or	consequence of a proposed or actual business closing or
	mass layoff by their employer.	mass layoff by their employer.

- (2) "Business closing" means the permanent shutdown of a facility or operations, or the cessation of work or operations not scheduled to resume within 90 days. A temporary shutdown of a seasonal employer that does not extend beyond 20 weeks is not a business closing.
- (3) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Labor.
- (4) "Department" means the Department of Labor.
- (5) "Employer" means any business enterprise that employs 50 or more full-time employees or 50 or more part-time employees that work at least 1,040 hours per employee per year.
- (6) "Employment loss" means the result of a business closing or mass layoff. An employee will not be considered to have suffered an employment loss if the employee is offered a transfer to a different site of employment within 35 miles.
- (7) "Mass layoff" means the permanent employment reduction at a single site of at least 50 employees over a 90-day period.

- (2) "Business closing" means:
  - (A) the permanent shutdown of a facility;
- (B) the permanent cessation of operations at one or more worksites in the State that results in the layoff of 50 or more employees over a 90-day period; or
- (C) the cessation of work or operations not scheduled to resume within 90 days that affects 50 or more employees.
- (3) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Labor.
- (4) "Department" means the Department of Labor.
- (5) "Employer" means any person that employs:
  - (A) 50 or more full-time employees;
- (B) 50 or more part-time employees who work at least 1,040 hours per employee per year; or
  - (C) a combination of 50 or more:
    - (i) full-time employees; and
- (ii) part-time employees who work at least 1,040 hours per employee per year.
- (6) "Employment loss" means the termination of employment that is the direct result of a business closing or mass layoff. An employee will not be considered to have suffered an employment loss if the employee is offered a transfer to a different site of employment within 35 miles; or if prior to the layoff notice to the employee, the employee voluntarily separates or retires or was separated by the employer for unsatisfactory performance or misconduct.
- (7) "Mass layoff" means a permanent employment loss of at least 50 employees at one or more worksites in Vermont during any 90-day period. In determining whether a mass layoff has occurred or will occur, employment losses for two or more groups of employees, each of which is below this threshold but which in the aggregate exceed this threshold and which

		occur within any 90-day period shall be considered to be
		a mass layoff unless the employer demonstrates that the
		employment losses are the result of separate and distinct
		actions and causes.
	(8) "Representative" means an exclusive bargaining	(8) "Representative" means an exclusive bargaining
	agent as legally recognized under State or federal labor	agent as legally recognized under State or federal labor
	laws.	laws.
§412 –	The Department and the Agency of Commerce and	The Department and the Agency of Commerce and
Education and	Community Development shall prepare information	Community Development shall prepare information
Outreach	and materials for the purpose of informing and	and materials for the purpose of informing and
	educating Vermont employers with regard to programs	educating Vermont employers with regard to programs
	and resources that are available to assist with economic	and resources that are available to assist with economic
	and workforce retention initiatives in order to avoid	and workforce retention initiatives in order to avoid
	business closings and mass layoffs. The Department and	business closings and mass layoffs. The Department and
	the Agency of Commerce and Community Development	the Agency of Commerce and Community Development
	shall also inform Vermont employers of the employers'	shall also inform Vermont employers of the employers'
	obligations that will be required for proper notice under	obligations that will be required for proper notice under
	the provisions of this Act.	the provisions of this act.
§413. Notice	(a) An employer who will engage in a closing or mass	(a) An employer who will engage in a closing or mass
and Wage	layoff shall provide notice to the Secretary of Commerce	layoff shall provide notice to the Secretary of Commerce
Payment	and Community Development and the Commissioner as	and Community Development and the Commissioner in
Obligations	soon as practical to enable the State to present	accordance with this section to enable the State to
	information on potential support and alternatives to the	present information on potential support for the
	proposed closing or mass layoff.	employer and separated employees.
	(b) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section, an	(b) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section, an
	employer who will engage in a closing or mass layoff	employer who will engage in a closing or mass layoff
	shall provide notice to the Secretary of Commerce and	shall provide notice to the Secretary of Commerce and
	Community Development and the Commissioner 60	Community Development and the Commissioner 45
	days prior to the effective date of the closing or layoffs,	days prior to the effective date of the closing or layoffs
	and shall provide 45-days' notice to the local chief	that reach the thresholds defined in section 411 of this
	elected official or administrative officer of the	subchapter, and shall provide 30-days' notice to the
	municipality, affected employees, and bargaining agent,	local chief elected official or administrative officer of the
	if any. If the employer is actively attempting to secure	municipality, affected employees, and bargaining agent,
	capital or investments in order to avoid closing or mass	if any.

layoffs, the notice to the Secretary of Commerce and Community Development the Commissioner may be delayed to 45 days prior to the effective date of closing or layoff and 30-days' notice to the local chief elected official or administrative officer of the municipality, affected employees, and bargaining agent, if any.

(c) The employer shall send to the Commissioner such information as the Commissioner deems necessary for the purposes of unemployment insurance benefit processing and for accessing federal and State resources to mitigate adverse employment impacts affecting employers, employees, and communities within the time allotted for notice to the Commissioner under subsection 413(b) or 414(b) of this subchapter.

- (d) In the case of a sale of part or all of an employer's business where mass layoffs will occur, the seller and the purchaser are still required to comply with the notice requirements under subsection (b) of this section. (e) Nothing in this subchapter shall abridge, abrogate, or restrict the right of the State to require an employer that is receiving State economic development funds or incentives from being required to provide additional or earlier notice as a condition for the receipt of such funds or incentives.
- (f) An employer is required to pay all unpaid wage and

Removes the "attempting to secure capital" language and adds it to §414 Exceptions.

- (c) The employer shall send to the Commissioner and the Secretary the approximate number and job titles of affected employees, the anticipated date of the employment loss, and the affected worksites within the time allotted for notice to the Commissioner and Secretary under subsection 413(b) or 414(b) of this subchapter. Concurrent with the notification to the affected employees, in accordance with subsection 413(b) of this subchapter, the employer shall send to the Commissioner in writing the actual number of layoffs, job titles, date of layoff, and other information as the Commissioner deems necessary for the purposes of unemployment insurance benefit processing and for accessing federal and State resources to mitigate adverse employment impacts affecting employers, employees, and communities.
- (d) In the case of a sale of part or all of an employer's business where mass layoffs will occur, the seller and the purchaser are still required to comply with the notice requirements under subsection (b) of this section.
- (e) Nothing in this subchapter shall abridge, abrogate, or restrict the right of the State to require an employer that is receiving State economic development funds or incentives from being required to provide additional or earlier notice as a condition for the receipt of such funds or incentives.
- (f) An employer is required to pay all unpaid wage and

	compensation owed to any laid-off worker, as required under this title.	compensation owed to any laid-off worker, as required under this title.
		(g) This section shall not apply to a nursing home in situations where Rules 2.8 and 3.14 of the Vermont Licensing and Operating Rules for Nursing Homes apply or where the CMS Requirements for Long-Term Care Facilities apply, pursuant to 42 C.F.R. §§ 483.12 and 483.75.
§414. Exceptions	<ul> <li>(a) In the case of a business closing or mass layoff, an employer is not required to comply with the notice requirement in subsection 413(a) of this subchapter and may delay notification to the Department if:</li> <li>(1) the business closing or the mass layoff is the result of the completion of a particular project or undertaking, and the affected employees were hired with the</li> </ul>	<ul><li>(a) In the case of a business closing or mass layoff, an employer is not required to comply with the notice requirement in subsection 413 of this subchapter and may delay notification to the Department if:</li><li>(1) the business closing or mass layoff results from a strike or a lockout;</li></ul>
	understanding that their employment was limited to the duration of the facility or project or undertaking;  (2) the business closing or mass layoff is due to a disaster beyond the control of the employer;	Adds: (2) the employer is actively attempting to secure capital or investments in order to avoid closing or mass layoffs; and the capital or investments sought, if obtained, would have enabled the employer to avoid or postpone the business closing or mass layoff, and the employer reasonably and in good faith believed that giving the notice would have precluded the employer from securing the needed capital or investment;
	(3) the business closing or mass layoff results from a strike or a lockout; or	the business closing or mass layoff is caused by business circumstances that were not reasonably foreseeable at the time the 45-day notice would have been required;
	(4) the business closing or mass layoff is caused by business circumstances that were not reasonably foreseeable at the time the 60-day notice would have been required.	(4) the business closing or mass layoff is due to a disaster beyond the control of the employer; or (5)(A) the business closing or the mass layoff is the result of the conclusion of seasonal employment or the completion of a particular project or undertaking; or

		(B) the affected employees were hired with the
		understanding that their employment was limited to the
		duration of the season, facility, project, or undertaking.
	(b) An employer that is unable to provide the notice	(b) An employer that is unable to provide the notice
	otherwise required by this subchapter as a result of	otherwise required by this subchapter as a result of
	circumstances described in subsection (a) of this section	circumstances described in subsection (a) of this section
	shall provide as much notice as is practicable and at that	shall provide as much notice as is practicable and at that
	time shall provide a brief statement to the	time shall provide a brief statement to the
	Commissioner regarding the basis for failure to meet the	Commissioner regarding the basis for failure to meet the
	notification period. In such situations, the mailing of the	notification period. In such situations, the mailing of the
	notice by certified mail or other method approved by	notice by certified mail or any other method approved
	the Commissioner shall be considered acceptable in the	by the Commissioner shall be considered acceptable in
	fulfillment of the employer's obligation to give notice to	the fulfillment of the employer's obligation to give
	each affected employee under this subchapter. At the	notice to each affected employee under this subchapter.
	time of notice to the Commissioner, the employer shall	At the time of notice to the Commissioner, the employer
	provide the required information under subdivisions	shall provide the required information under
	413(c) of this subchapter.	subdivisions 413(c) of this subchapter.
§415.	(a) An employer who violates subsection 413(b) or	(a) An employer who violates subsection 413(b) or
Violations	414(b) of this subchapter is liable to each employee who	414(b) of this subchapter is liable to each employee who
	lost his or her employment for:	lost his or her employment for:
	(1) ten days severance pay; and	(1) one day of severance pay for each day after the first
		day in the 45 - day notice period required in subsection
		413(b) of this subchapter, up to a maximum of ten days
		severance pay; and
	(2) the health care premium costs or the cost of any	(2) the continuation, not to exceed one month after an
	medical or dental expenses that would have been	employment loss, of existing medical or dental coverage
	covered under an employee benefit plan for one month	under an employment benefit plan, if any, necessary to
	after the employment loss.	cover any delay in an employee's eligibility for
	1 ,	obtaining alternative coverage resulting directly from
		the employer's violation of notice requirements.
	(b) The amount of an employer's liability under	(b) The amount of an employer's liability under
	subsection (a) of this section shall be reduced by the	subsection (a) of this section shall be reduced by the
	following:	following:
	(1) any voluntary and unconditional payments made by	(1) any voluntary and unconditional payments made by

	the employer to the employee that were not required to satisfy any legal obligation;
	(2) any payments by the employer to a third party or
	trustee, such as premiums for health benefits or
	payments to a defined contribution pension plan, on
	behalf of and attributable to the employee for the period
	of the violation; and
	(3) any liability paid by the employer under any
	applicable federal law governing notification of mass
	layoffs, business closings, or relocations.
	(c) If an employer proves to the satisfaction of the
	Commissioner that the act or omission that violated this
	subchapter was in good faith, the Commissioner may
	reduce the amount of liability provided for in this
	section. In determining the amount of such a reduction,
	the Commissioner shall consider any efforts by the
	employer to mitigate the violation.
	(d) If, after an administrative hearing, the Commissioner
	determines that an employer has violated any of the
	requirements of this subchapter, the Commissioner shall
	issue an order including any penalties assessed by the
	Commissioner under sections 415 and 417 of this
	subchapter. The employer may appeal a decision of the
	Commissioner to the Superior Court within 30 days of
	the date of the Commissioner's order.
§416. Powers	(a) The Commissioner may adopt rules as necessary,
of the	pursuant to 3 V.S.A. chapter 25, to carry out this
Commissioner	subchapter. The rules shall include provisions that allow
	the parties access to administrative hearings for any
	actions of the Department under this subchapter.
	(b) In any investigation or proceeding under this
	subchapter, the Commissioner has, in addition to all

other powers granted by law, the authority to subpoena and examine any information of an employer necessary the employer to the employee that were not required to satisfy any legal obligation;

- (2) any payments by the employer to a third party or trustee, such as premiums for health benefits or payments to a defined contribution pension plan, on behalf of and attributable to the employee for the period of the violation; and
- (3) any liability paid by the employer under any applicable federal law governing notification of mass layoffs, business closings, or relocations.
- (c) If an employer proves to the satisfaction of the Commissioner that the act or omission that violated this subchapter was in good faith, the Commissioner may reduce the amount of liability provided for in this section. In determining the amount of such a reduction, the Commissioner shall consider any efforts by the employer to mitigate the violation.
- (d) If, after an administrative hearing, the Commissioner determines that an employer has violated any of the requirements of this subchapter, the Commissioner shall issue an order including any penalties assessed by the Commissioner under sections 415 and 417 of this subchapter. The employer may appeal a decision of the Commissioner to the Superior Court within 30 days of the date of the Commissioner's order.
- (a) The Commissioner may adopt rules as necessary, pursuant to 3 V.S.A. chapter 25, to carry out this subchapter. The rules shall include provisions that allow the parties access to administrative hearings for any actions of the Department under this subchapter.

  (b) In any investigation or proceeding under this
- (b) In any investigation or proceeding under this subchapter, the Commissioner has, in addition to all other powers granted by law, the authority to subpoena and examine information of an employer necessary to

	to determine whether a violation of this subchapter has	determine whether a violation of this subchapter has
	occurred, including to determine the validity of any	occurred, including to determine the validity of any
	defense.	defense.
	(c) Information obtained through administration of this	(c) Information obtained through administration of this
	subchapter by the Commissioner shall be confidential,	subchapter by the Commissioner and the Secretary of
	except for the number of layoffs, job titles, and	Commerce and Community Development shall be
	workstation locations affected. The Department may	confidential, except that the number of layoffs, the types
	provide the information collected pursuant to	of jobs affected, and work locations affected shall cease
	subsection 413(c) of this title to the U.S. Department of	to be confidential after local government and the
	Labor and any other governmental entities for the	affected employees have been notified. The Department
	purposes of securing benefits for the affected employees.	may provide the information collected pursuant to
	purposes of securing constant for the unreason employees.	subsection 413(c) of this subchapter to the U.S.
		Department of Labor and any other governmental
		entities for the purposes of securing benefits for the
		affected employees.
	(d) Neither the Commissioner nor any court shall have	(d) Neither the Commissioner nor any court shall have
	the authority to enjoin a business closing, relocation, or	the authority to enjoin a business closing, relocation, or
	mass layoff under this subchapter.	mass layoff under this subchapter.
§417.	An employer who fails to give notice as required by	An employer who fails to give notice as required by
Administrative	subsection 413(b) or 414(b) of this subchapter shall be	subsection 413(b) or 414(b) of this subchapter shall be
Penalties	subject to an administrative penalty of \$500.00 for each	subject to an administrative penalty of \$500.00 for each
1 011011010	day that the employer was deficient in the notice to the	day that the employer was deficient in the notice to the
	Department. The Commissioner may waive the	Department. The Commissioner may waive the
	administrative penalty if the employer:	administrative penalty if the employer:
	(1) demonstrates good cause under subsection 414(b) of	(1) demonstrates good cause under subsection 414(b) of
	this subchapter;	this subchapter;
	(2) pays to all affected employees the amounts for which	(2) pays to all affected employees the amounts for which
	the employer is liable under section 415 of this title	the employer is liable under section 415 of this title
	within 30 days from the date the employer enacts the	within 30 days from the date the employer enacts the
	business closing or mass layoff; and	business closing or mass layoff; and
	(3) pays to all affected employees any unpaid wage and	(3) pays to all affected employees any unpaid wage and
	compensation owed to any laid-off worker, as required	compensation owed to any laid-off worker, as required
	and an this title	and an this title

under this title.

under this title.

§418. Other	The rights and remedies provided to employees by this	The rights and remedies provided to employees by this
Rights	subchapter do not infringe upon or alter any other	subchapter do not infringe upon or alter any other
	contractual or statutory rights and remedies of the	contractual or statutory rights and remedies of the
	employees.	employees. Nothing in this section is intended to alter or
		diminish or replace any federal or State regulatory
		mandates for a shutdown or closure of a regulated
		business or entity.
Effective Dates	(a) This section and in Sec. 2, 21 V.S.A. §§ 412 (education	(a) This section, Sec. 1, and in Sec. 2, 21 V.S.A. §§ 412
	and outreach) and 416(a) shall take effect on passage.	(education and outreach) and 416(a) shall take effect on
		passage.
	(b) Secs. 1 and 2, except for 21 V.S.A. §§ 412 and 416(a),	(b) Sec. 2, except for 21 V.S.A. §§ 412 and 416(a), shall
	shall take effect on January 15, 2015.	take effect on January 15, 2015.